

Roll No.

Printed Pages : 3

1054

GSQ/D-19
MATHEMATICS
Paper-BM-352
Groups and Rings

Time allowed : 3 hours

[Maximum marks : 40]

Note : Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question from each section. Question No. 1 is compulsory.

(Compulsory Question)

1. (a) Prove that an arbitrary intersection of subgroups of a group is a subgroup. 2
- (b) Define Inner automorphism with an example. 1½
- (c) Write $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ as the product of disjoint cycles. 1½
- (d) Prove that a field has no proper ideals. 2
- (e) Define Euclidean Ring. 1

Section-I

2. (a) If a group has four elements, then show that it must be abelian. 4
- (b) Prove that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic. 4
3. (a) If an abelian group of order 6 contains an element of order 3, show that it must be a cyclic group. 4

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[Turn over]

- (b) Prove that order of every element of a finite group is a divisor of the order of the group. 4

Section-II

4. (a) The set $\text{Inn}(G)$ of all inner automorphism of a group G is isomorphic to the quotient group $G/Z(G)$, where $Z(G)$ is the centre of a group G , i.e. $\text{Inn}(G) \cong G/Z(G)$. 4
- (b) Let G' be the commutative subgroup of a group G . Then G is abelian iff $G' = \{e\}$, where e is the identity element of G . 4
5. (a) If H and K are subgroups of a group G and H is normal in G , then $HK/H \cong K/(H \cap K)$. 4
- (b) Define Kernel of Homomorphism $f: G \rightarrow G'$, and prove that Kernel of f is a normal subgroup of G . 4

Section-III

6. (a) Prove that an ideal of a ring of integers is maximal iff it is generated by some prime integers. 4
- (b) Let f be a ring isomorphism of R onto R' . Show that if R is an Integral domain, then R' is also an integral domain. 4
7. (a) Let R be a ring with unity element such that R has no ideals except $\{0\}$ and R . Prove that R is a division ring. 4
- (b) Show that S is an ideal of $S + T$, where S is any ideal of a ring R and T is any subring of R . 4

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Section-IV

8. (a) Prove that the ring of Gaussian integers is an Euclidean domain (ring) 4
- (b) Show that $\sqrt{-5}$ is a prime element of the ring $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}] = \{a + \sqrt{-5}b; a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$. 4
9. (a) If F is a field, then prove that $F(x)$ is an Euclidean domain. 4
- (b) Show that the polynomial $x^3 + 3x + 1$ is irreducible over \mathbb{Q} . 4

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