Total No. of Pages: 3 Roll No. BT-1/D11 7524 Chemistry (New) Paper: CH-101 E [Maximum Marks: 100 Time: Three Hours! Note :- Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting at least ONE question from each Unit, All questions curry equal marks. UNIT-I (a) Define the term entropy. Write the mathematical formulation for ι. the entropy change involved in conversion of $H_{\bullet}O(I) \longleftarrow H_{\bullet}O(g)$. No derivation is required. How does entropy change occur for an ideal gas when there is a vaciation in : Temperature and volume at constant pressure, Temperature and pressure at constant volume. 8 Water boils at 373 K at one atmospheric pressure. At what temperature will it boil when the pressure is changed to \$28 mm of Hg? Given: the latent heat of water = 2.28 kHgm. Explain the following terms :phase, components, degrees of freedom, triple point and cutostic system. What is phase rule? With the help of a next labelled sketch, describe the various phase equilibria, points and areas involved in sulphur system. Name the metallurgist who introduced the term entectic in the description of the various phase equilibria involved in a two component systems. Contd. 7524

UNIT-II

- 3. (a) Define the term: hardness of water. How does temporary water hardness introduce in water? Why is the hardness of water expressed in terms of CaCO, equivalents?
 - (b) What are the main disadvantages of hard water used in builer? Mention briefly the formation of scale and sludge.
 6
 - (c) 100 ml of a water sample consumed 20 ml of 0.01 N HCl in the presence of phenolphthalein indicator. The resulting solution consumed another 10 ml of the same acid in the presence of methyl orange indicator. Calculate the various types of alkalinhties present in the above alkaline water sample in ppm as CaCO₃ equivalents. http://www.kuonline.in
- 4. (a) What is meant by softening of hard water ? Describe the working of an ion exchange process for the softening of hard water. How is exhausted ion exchanger regenerated? Hustrate your answer with chemical reactions involved in these. 10
 - (b) Name the various congulants. Describe their mechanism in the purification of water.
 3
 - (c) Describe reverse-osmosis process for desalination of water, 7

UNIT-III

- (a) Explain the term : clastrochemical corrosion. Discuss the mechanism of rusting of iron .
 - (b) What is sacrificial protection and how does it carried out?
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 - (c) What is Stress Corrosion ? Mention the various factors responsible for its occurrence.
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6.	(a)	Define lubricants and describe their important functions.	8
	(b)	How do the extreme pressure additives work?	4
	(c)	Write short notes on the following properties related with common lubricant:-	1 3
		(i) drop point and (ii) saponification value.	×4
		UNIT-IV	
7.	(a)	Discuss the following terms:	
		(i) Addition polymerisation	
		(ii) Tacticity of polymers	
		(iii) Vulcalization of rubber.	10
	(b)	Discuss the preparation, properties and technical application	s of
	**/	any one thermoplastic polymer.	ιû
ŝ.	Wri	te a self-explanatory note on any two :-	
	(i)	Flame photometry	
	(ü)	Thermogravimetric analysis	
	(üi)	Conductometric titrations and	
	(iv)	Differential Thermal analysis.	× 10

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