Roll No. Total Pages: 03

BT-5/D-18

35039

STEAM GENERATION & POWER ME-311-E

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each Unit.

Unit I

- (a) Derive an expression to find the height of a chimney. Write at least five differences between forced draft and induced draft. 10
 - With neat diagram, explain the construction and working of locomotive boiler. 10
- Give at least ten differences between water tube 2. (a) and fire tube boiler. 10
 - What is function of super heater? Discuss its working with diagram. 10

Unit II

3. A steam turbine working on Rankine cycle is supplied with dry saturated steam at 25 bar and exhaust takes

(2-105/8) L-35039

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place at 0.2 bar. For a steam flow rate of 10 kg/s, determine:

- quality of steam at the end of expansion
- turbine shaft work (b)
- power required to drive the pump (c)
- work ratio http://www.kuonline.in
- Rankine efficiency
- heat flow. (f)

20

- A stream power plant operates on a theoretical reheat cycle. Steam at 25 bar pressure and 400°C is supplied to the high-pressure turbine. After its expansion to dry state, the stream is reheated at constant pressure to its original temperature. Subsequent expansion occurs in low pressure turbine to a condenser pressure of 0.04 bar. Considering feed pump work, make calculation to determine:
 - quality of stream at entry of compressor
 - thermal efficiency, and (b)
 - specific steam consumption.

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Unit III

Air flows through a nozzle with velocity 75 m/s, temperature, 300 K and pressure 650 kPa at the inlet section which has an area of 10 cm². If pressure at the nozzle exit is 250 kPa, calculate mass flow rate through the nozzle and the flow velocity at the exit section.

Assume one dimensional isentropic flow.

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L-35039

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Show that the maximum discharge of steam per unit area through a nozzle takes place when the ratio of stream

pressure at the throat to the inlet pressure is $\left(\frac{2}{n+1}\right)^{\frac{n}{n-1}}$, where n is the index of adiabatic expansion.

Unit IV

7. The following particular refers to a single row impulse turbine:

Enthalpy drop in the nozzle and nozzle angle is 45 kJ/kg and 16°, Mean diameter of blade ring = 0.3 m, rotational speed of the wheel = 10,000 rev/min, Blade exit angle equals the blade inlet angle. Determine: (a) blade inlet angle for shock less entry, and (b) work done and axial thrust for steam flow rate of 1 kg/s. Neglect the effect of friction when passing through blade passages and obtain your solution form the geometry of velocity diagrams. 20

- 8. (a) Derive an expression for degree of reaction for reaction turbine.
 - (b) What is the condition of maximum efficiency of an impulse turbine?

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