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MCA(6/7)/D-12 Total Pages : 3

MCA(6/7)/D-12

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Paper: MCA-303

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 80

Note: Attempt five questions in all. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Compulsory Question

- 1. (i) What do you mean by satisfiable (STA) ?
 - (ii) $S(n) = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2$. What is the order of S(n)?
 - (iii) How to discover fast algorithms ?
 - (iv) Suppose $f = \Phi(g)$ and g = O(h), then show that f = O(h).
 - (v) Prove that independent set is NP-complete?
 - (vi) What does Lower bound theory prove about comparison based sorting problem?
 - (vii) Write an algorithm to find the median of a given array using Greedy approach.
 - (viii) What is Recurrence Equation ?

 $3 \times 8 = 24$

UNIT-1

- (a) What do you understand by Data structure? Write a brief note on Linked list and Tree data structures.
 - (b) What do you understand by Module? Discuss the Structured design methodology to identify the modules in a problem. Use suitable example. 7

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- (a) What is Big O notation? How the space and time complexities are computed under this notation?
 Discuss.
 - (b) Give the proof of Euclid's algorithm correctness.

UNIT-II

- (a) What do you understand by Divide and Conquer algorithm? Analyze the time taken by Quick sort.
 Explain various possibilities in selection of pivot element.
 - (b) With an example, explain how the Branch-and-bound technique is used to solve 0/1 knapsack problem. 7
- (a) Design a Linear time algorithm for maximal matching.
 - (b) What is Dynamic programming? How to design a dynamic programming algorithm? Write dynamic programming algorithm for knapsack problem.
 7

UNIT-III

- (a) Lower bound theory says when to stop searching for better algorithms. Explain with examples.
 - (b) Suppose C is the longest subsequence in S. Show that LCS(A(2...M), B(1....N) could be longer than C. 7
- (a) What is the space bound for d dimensional range trees? http://www.kuonline.in
 - (b) Suppose you have k sorted sequences each of length n/k. Show that the time required for merging them into a single length n sequence in the decision tree model is Ω(n log n).

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UNIT-IV

8.	(a)	What do you understand by NP hard problem?	Show
		that TSP is an NP hard problem.	7
	(b)	What is Cook's theorem? Discuss.	7

- (a) What do you understand by state space representation of a problem? Explain using suitable example,
 - (b) What is Approximation algorithm? Discuss its relevance in random access machine. 7