Roll No.

Total Pages: 03

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MCA/D-18 COMPILER DESIGN MCA-14-51

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 80

Note: Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit. Q. No. 1 is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. (a) What do you mean by high level language?
 - (b) Write a regular expression for a language over (0, 1) which starts or end with either 00 or 11.
 - (c) What are syntax and semantic errors?
 - (d) Why left recursion is not good for parsers?
 - (e) What do you mean by loop invariant in code?

Unit 1

- 2. What do you mean by a compiler ? Explain the phases a program undergoes during compilation using suitable example.
- 3. (a) What do you mean by Finite automation? How are they used in lexical analysis phase?

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(b) Draw a FA for the language $L = \{w : w \in (a, b)^* \&\& n_a(w) \% 3 = 0 \&\& n_b(w) \% 2 = 0\}$.

Unit II

- 4. (a) What do you mean by 3-address code representation of a code? Explain.
 - (b) What is a symbol table? Why is it used in a program? Explain which kind of information is stored in it.
- 5. What is a storage allocation scheme for programs? Explain the types of allocation mechanism usign suitable examples.

Unit III

- 6. (a) What is a Top-Down parser? When a grammar is ready to be parsed by it? Explain using suitable example.
 - (b) What is ambiguity in grammars? Which parser is able to handle ambiguity and how?
- 7. What is Shift-Reduce parser? Explain the LR parsing algorithm on the below grammar as input:

$$E \rightarrow E + T, E \rightarrow T, T \rightarrow T*F, T \rightarrow F, F \rightarrow (E), F \rightarrow id$$

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Unit IV

- 8. Explain the following:
 - (a) Register allocation
 - (b) Intermediate languages.
- 9. (a) What do you mean by code optimization? Explain machine-dependent and independent optimization techniques.
 - (b) What do you mean by DAG blocks? Why are they used in code optimization?